2021 SOPs Part 2 Study Guide

- 1. What are the indications for inserting an i-gel?
- 2. How do you select the correct size i-gel?
- 3. What site can you use for PND if the first attempt was missed, or the patient is markedly obese?
- 4. How should you administer fluids to a complex, multisystem trauma patient?
- 5. What medication will you consider with severe, life threatening hemorrhage, and what is the dose?
- 6. List indications and contraindications for using TXA.
- 7. For an adult trauma patient with a head injury, what is the desired BP and MAP you should titrate IV fluids to?
- 8. What is the difference between selective vs. full spinal immobilization?
- 9. How do you treat patients with blast injuries?
- 10. If a patient with a crush injury to his extremity has an ECG with peaked T-waves, indicative of hyperkalemia, what can you contact Medical Control to consider?
- 11. How do you manage pain in a burn patient?
- 12. What is the difference in treating superficial burns vs. partial thickness/full thickness burns?
- 13. What is important to monitor in a patient struck by lightning?
- 14. How do you manage bleeding in an adult patient with extremity trauma?
- 15. When do you perform APGAR scores on a newborn?
- 16. When will you consider TXA in post partum care?
- 17. How do you deliver a baby with shoulder dystocia?
- 18. When do you begin compressions on a newborn? And what is your compression:ventilation ratio?

- 19. What are the signs/symptoms of pre-eclampsia/eclampsia, that you would treat per protocol?
- 20. What is the first medication to treat hypertension in pregnancy?
- 21. What antihypertensive is used in htn in pregnancy?
- 22. At what age is a patient considered pediatric?
- 23. In which cases will a pediatric patient need to be intubated with an ET tube?
- 24. Before inserting an i-gel on a pediatric patient, what needs to happen?
- 25. What is the first medication given to a pediatric patient with bradycardia?
- 26. What dose of Atropine will be given after contacting Medical Control in an unstable pediatric patient with bradycardia?
- 27. What medications will you give to an unstable pediatric patient in probable wide monomorphic VTach with adequate perfusion?
- 28. What is the pediatric dose of push dose epinephrine?
- 29. How much fluid will you give a pediatric patient in cardiogenic shock?
- 30. How does a pediatric patient meet sepsis criteria?
- 31. Adult sepsis patients need 30ml/kg of IVF administered. How much do pediatric patients need?
- 32. What medications should be administered to a pediatric patient in respiratory distress from asthma?
- 33. What IV/IO medication will you give for a hypoglycemic pediatric patient?
- 34. How much glucagon will you give to a patient <5 years old or <20kg?
- 35. How much glucagon will you give to a patient >5 years old or > 20kg?
- 36. True or False: You must contact Medical Control to obtain release from parents on a BRUE/ALTE infant.
- 37. How will you treat an actively seizing pediatric patient?
- 38. What will you give to a pediatric patient for pain relief from a burn?

- 39. If respiratory depression occurs after Fentanyl administration, what can be given?
- 40. What is the difference between heat exhaustion and heat stroke in pediatrics?
- 41. How do you treat a patient with heat exhaustion?
- 42. What is the pediatric dose of ketamine for behavioral emergencies?